
About the Report

The Annual Crime and Security Report is published by the IWP Office of Student Affairs that helps to comply with provisions of the Higher Education Act of 1965, otherwise known as the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act). The Clery Act requires institutions of higher education to comply with certain campus safety- and security-related requirements as a condition of participating in the Federal student financial aid programs authorized by Title IV of the Higher Education Act. One of these requirements is an annual security policy and report that must be distributed to prospective students, students, faculty and staff. This report may also be accessed on the IWP website (www.iwp.edu). Paper copies may be requested by contacting the Office of Student Affairs at studentaffairs@iwp.edu or 202-462-2101.

The crime statistics contained in this report are gathered annually from October 1 - September 30 and come from data provided by the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) and the Institute’s own crime log.

Public Safety Information

The Institute of World Politics is located in Police Service Area 208 within the Second District of the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department (MPD). The Second district Station is located at 3320 Idaho Ave, NW and can be reached at 202-715-7300 by phone or 202-715-7382 by fax. The closest Police Station Center is 1620 V St, NW and can be reached at 202-673-6815. The closest fire station is the Engine 9 Station at 1617 U Street, NW.

The MPD publishes a Guide to Campus Safety, which provides useful tips on protecting your property and yourself when on and off-campus.

Campus Police Authority and Jurisdiction

The Institute of World Politics (IWP) does not have a security office nor a campus police unit. The Campus Safety Officer is Michael Webber (mwebber@iwp.edu), IWP’s Operations
Manager. Additionally, each employee of IWP has the authority to ask a person for identification to determine whether the individual has lawful business at the Institute. IWP staff has no more authority to arrest than an average citizen. Criminal incidents are referred to the local police who have jurisdiction on the campus. IWP maintains a professional working relationship with the MPD, and it relies upon the MPD for policing. But, IWP does not have a contract or arrangement with the police. IWP does maintain a Security Policy and Crime Log in the main lobby behind the receptionist’s desk. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report the crime to the MPD and IWP’s Campus Safety Officer or the Vice President of Student Affairs (Jason Johnsrud), who can be reached at 202-462-2101 or studentaffairs@iwp.edu. Prompt reporting will assure timely warning notices on-campus and timely disclosure of crime statistics.

Crime Statistics

Crime statistics for the neighborhood immediately surrounding the institute may be found via the MPD website at crimemap.dc.gov (and typing in “1521 16th Street, NW”). Other useful crime information sites are CrimeDC.com and Trulia. The information on the MPD website is arranged based upon the type of crime, the year the crime was reported, and location at which the incident occurred. The calendar year begins January 1st and ends December 31st. Due to the way statistics are gathered from the MPD and IWP’s own security log, we take the crimes that occurred “on-campus” (or, “any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls . .”) and on “public property” (or, “all public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus . .”). IWP’s campus consists of two buildings, Marlatt Mansion (1521 16th St, NW) and Bently Hall (1523 16th St, NW), as well as its two staff parking lots. IWP does not have student dormitories; therefore, there are no records to maintain. Additionally, the Institute neither owns nor maintains any off campus or non-campus buildings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criminal Offenses - On Campus*</th>
<th>Total occurrences On Campus*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Complied annually, October 1 - September 30)</td>
<td>2011-2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Sex offenses - Forcible</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal offense</td>
<td>2011-2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. Negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Sex offenses - Forcible</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Sex offenses - Non-forcible</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Robbery</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. Aggravated assault</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g. Burglary</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h. Motor vehicle theft</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k. Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k. Arrests – Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l. Disciplinary referrals - Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m. Arrests – Drug Abuse Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n. Disciplinary referrals - Drug Abuse Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o. Arrests – Liquor Law Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p. Disciplinary referrals – Liquor Law Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Public Property defined as “All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.” From The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting.**

No hate crimes were reported by the MPD or in the IWP crime log for the reporting years 2012, 2013, and 2014 for either the On-Campus or Public Property geographic locations. IWP does not have non-campus property nor is there public property that exceeds the on-campus designation.

Additionally, there were no crimes reported (On-Campus or Public Property) related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking for the 2014 reporting year.

There was 1 reported theft of personal property in an IWP classroom during the 2014 reporting year.

During the 2014 reporting year, there were 6 thefts from motor vehicles in public and private parking lots near IWP. However, these statistics are not considered Clery Act offenses because of the nature of the offenses (nor are the locations considered a part of the “Public Property” geographic designation), so the data are not reported in the above tables. Also, there were 7 reported cases of Theft of personal property in the neighborhood adjacent to IWP during the 2014 reporting year. Additionally, 1 IWP student reported being accosted in the vicinity of the Institute.

**Policy for Reporting the Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics**

IWP’s Campus Safety Officer prepares this report with the help of Institute staff to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act (*Clery Act*). The full text of this report is located on our website ([www.iwp.edu](http://www.iwp.edu)). IWP prepared this report.
with data provided by the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) and the help of the Office of Student Affairs, which provides current information on educational efforts and programs to comply with the Act.

Campus crime, arrest, and referral statistics include, but are not limited to, crimes reported to the Office of Student Affairs, as well as those reported to the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police. These statistics may include individuals not associated with IWP, as well as crimes that have occurred in private residences and businesses not covered by the Clery Act.

IWP’s Office of Student Affairs e-mails the Annual Crime and Security Report to all enrolled students, staff, and faculty annually by October 1. The report may also be accessed on the IWP website (www.iwp.edu). Paper copies of the report may be requested from Office of Student Affairs or can be requested by calling the Campus Safety Officer (Michael Webber) at 202-462-2101. The Executive Vice President (Noah Rudolph) has copies available for prospective employees and can be reached at 202-462-2101, and the website address will be attached to IWP’s employment application.

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation, either on or off campus, arises that the Campus Safety Officer or VP of Student Affairs determines is an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus-wide “timely warning” (Rave Alert) will be sent via IWP e-mail to all students, staff, and faculty. All individuals that are on the Rave distribution list are encouraged to add additional modes of communication, including text messages and personal e-mails through which they can also receive these alerts. Members of the IWP community may edit their preferences by going to: https://www.getrave.com/login/iwp.

Anyone with information that may warrant a “timely warning” message (Rave Alert) should immediately contact either IWP’s Campus Safety Officer (Michael Webber) at 989-225-4995 or the VP of Student Affairs (Jason Johnsrud) at 202-577-7100.

To Report a Crime

It does not matter if the victim or assailant is an IWP student; it is important to notify the correct persons upon realizing a crime is being committed. Students should report crimes to the Campus Security Officer (Michael Webber; mwebber@iwp.edu or 202-462-2101) or the VP of Student Affairs (Jason Johnsrud; studentaffairs@iwp.edu or 202-462-2101) for non-emergencies as soon as possible, and dial “911” for emergencies only. Please report any suspicious activity or person seen on public sidewalks and streets around IWP, loitering around vehicles, or inside IWP buildings to the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department (MPD). Employees should
report crimes to the Executive Vice President (Noah Rudolph) 202-462-2101 or by email to nrudolph@iwp.edu.

Confidential Reporting Procedures

If you are a victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the criminal justice system, you may still make a confidential report internally to IWP. With your permission, IWP’s VP of Student Affairs or Executive Vice President can maintain information on the details of the incident without recording your identity. The purpose of the confidential report is to comply with a victim’s wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to safeguard the future safety of the student body and staff. With this information, the Institute can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students to determine if and where there is a pattern of crime pertaining to a location, method, or assailant and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the Institute. The Clery Act does not require crimes to be reported anonymously, but personally identifiable information cannot be included in the Institute’s disclosure of crime statistics.

Crime Reporting

The Institute of World Politics encourages anyone who is a victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police (MPD). Because police reports are public records under DC law, the Institute cannot hold reports of crime in confidence. Confidential internal reports for the purpose of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics can generally be made to the Institute’s Campus Safety Officer (Michael Webber) at 202-462-2101 x301.

Access Policy

All students, faculty and staff must utilize IWP ID cards in order to gain access to both Marlatt Mansion and Bently Hall. During normal business hours, front desk reception will monitor and, at its discretion, allow other individuals, such as maintenance contractors and guests, access into IWP’s buildings. During class time after 6:30 p.m., when there is no front desk reception, access to all IWP buildings is available by using the IWP ID card only. On weekends, students will have limited access to Bently Hall and only by using their student IDs.

IWP does not maintain residence halls.
Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to these schedules. Areas that are found to be problematic will require a security survey that will be reviewed by the VP of Student Affairs and the Campus Safety Officer. These surveys will consider security issues such as alarms, locks, lighting, landscaping, and communications.

Security Awareness and Crime Prevention Programs

During orientation, students are informed by the VP of Student Affairs about criminal activity that happens on-campus and the surrounding neighborhoods. Similar information is provided to new and prospective employees by the Executive Vice President.

IWP works with the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police (MPD) to provide presentations on crime prevention and awareness and for students and staff (these presentations may also include a discussion of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking). The MPD also publishes a Guide to Campus Safety, which provides useful tips on protecting your property and yourself when on and off-campus.

When an incident occurs and the student body and staff need to be informed, the Institute’s Campus Safety Officer will disseminate an email to the IWP community, as well as post alerts through Rave Alert, IWP’s emergency alert system, when necessary.

Criminal Activity Off-Campus

The Institute of World Politics neither maintains off-campus housing nor sanctions any off-campus student organizations. Additionally, IWP does not monitor nor maintain records of criminal activity that occurs off-campus.

Alcoholic Beverages

Laws regarding the possession, sale, consumption or furnishing of alcohol is controlled by the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Regulation Administration (DCABRA). It is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by anyone less than 21 years of age in a public place or a place that is open to the public is illegal. It is also a violation of the IWP Alcohol Policy for anyone to consume or possess alcohol in any public or private area of the grounds without prior approval from the Institute. The possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both district and federal law. Individuals violating the alcohol/substance policies or laws may be subject to expulsion by the Institute.
Illegal Drugs

IWP’s campus has been designated “Drug Free” and only under certain circumstances is the consumption of alcohol permitted. The possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. Such laws are strictly enforced by the Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department. Violators are subject to criminal prosecution, fine, imprisonment and disciplinary action by the Institute.

Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention Programs Information

IWP does not currently have programs for alcohol or drug education. The Institute does not provide counseling services, but can make a referral to an outside organization upon request from a student or employee. The VP of Student Affairs will review all student-related incidents and determine if there is a need to refer it for disciplinary actions.

Sexual Assault and Similar Crimes

IWP prohibits sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Violations by students, faculty, staff, and volunteers are subject to penalties up to and including expulsion, termination of employment, or termination of the volunteer position.

Prevention and Response to Sexual Assault and Similar Crimes

If you are a victim of a sexual assault at IWP, your first priority is to get to a place of safety. Then, you should obtain necessary medical treatment. IWP strongly encourages victims of sexual abuse to report the incident in a timely manner to Washington, DC Metropolitan Police Department. Time can serve as a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. Any assault should also be reported to the IWP Campus Safety Officer or the VP of Student Affairs. Filing a report with an Institute official does not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from IWP. Filing a police report will:

a. Ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests at no expense to the victim;

b. Provide the opportunity for the collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later (ideally a victim of sexual assault should not wash, use the toilet, douche or change clothing prior to a medical/legal exam);
c. Assure the victim has access to free confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention.

The Institute strongly recommends that victims contact the 24hr hotline at the DC Rape Crisis Center at 202-333-RAPE (7273) or TTY 202-328-1371 or via email dcrcc@dcrcc.org. Confidential services for victims are available for free or low cost through the DC Rape Crisis Center, area clergy, the Network for Victim Recovery of DC (202-742-1720 or info@nvrdc.org), and the Wendt Center for Loss and Healing (202-624-0010 or info@wendtcenter.org).

Sexual Assault forensic exams are conducted in DC at MedStar Washington Hospital Center, 110 Irving St NW, Washington, DC 20010. Free transportation is available through the Network for Victim Recovery, above. It is valuable to have an exam within 72 hours of the assault. You can have an exam without filing a police report. This keeps your options open should you later decide to involve the police.

The Institute’s disciplinary proceedings, as well as special guidelines for cases involving sexual misconduct, are detailed in the Catalog and Student Handbook. Procedures for campus disciplinary action in cases of an alleged sex offense:

a. The accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have an advisor of their choice and present to accompany them in all meetings and throughout a disciplinary proceeding. The advisor’s role is to give support and advice the individual, not to speak on his or her behalf;

b. Both the accuser and the accused must be informed simultaneously of the outcome of any institutional disciplinary proceeding that is brought alleging a sex offense. Compliance with this paragraph does not constitute a violation of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). For the purpose of this paragraph, the outcome of a disciplinary proceeding means only the institution’s final determination with respect to the alleged sex offense and any sanction that is imposed against the accused.

Disclosure concerning the outcome of the proceedings must be unconditional; a victim cannot be required to sign a nondisclosure agreement or otherwise agree to a prohibition from discussing the case. A student found guilty of violating the Institute’s sexual misconduct policy could be criminally prosecuted in the state or federal courts and maybe subject to expulsion from IWP. Student victims have the option to change their academic situation after an alleged sexual assault, if such changes are reasonably available.
At all times the Institute will comply with a student’s request for assistance in notifying authorities, which is mandated by the *Clery Act*. Students who engage in sexual harassment, sexual assault as well as any other forcible or non-forcible sex-offenses are subject to expulsion.

**DC Laws on Stalking and Interpersonal Violence**

District of Columbia Code, Division IV, Title 22, Chapter 31A § 22-3133. Stalking.

(a) It is unlawful for a person to purposefully engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific individual:

(1) With the intent to cause that individual to:
   
   (A) Fear for his or her safety or the safety of another person;
   
   (B) Feel seriously alarmed, disturbed, or frightened; or
   
   (C) Suffer emotional distress;

(2) That the person knows would cause that individual reasonably to:

   (A) Fear for his or her safety or the safety of another person;
   
   (B) Feel seriously alarmed, disturbed, or frightened; or
   
   (C) Suffer emotional distress; or

(3) That the person should have known would cause a reasonable person in the individual's circumstances to:

   (A) Fear for his or her safety or the safety of another person;
   
   (B) Feel seriously alarmed, disturbed, or frightened; or
   
   (C) Suffer emotional distress.

(b) This section does not apply to constitutionally protected activity.

(c) Where a single act is of a continuing nature, each 24-hour period constitutes a separate occasion.

(d) The conduct on each of the occasions need not be the same as it is on the others.
District of Columbia Code, Division II, Title 16, Chapter 10, Subchapter I (Interfamily Proceedings)

Section 16.1001
(6) “Interpersonal violence” means an act punishable as a criminal offense that is committed or threatened to be committed by an offender upon a person:

(A) With whom the offender shares or has shared a mutual residence; or

(B) Who is or was married to, in a domestic partnership with, divorced or separated from, or in a romantic, dating, or sexual relationship with another person who is or was married to, in a domestic partnership with, divorced or separated from, or in a romantic, dating, or sexual relationship with the offender.

(7) “Intimate partner violence” means an act punishable as a criminal offense that is committed or threatened to be committed by an offender upon a person:

(A) To whom the offender is or was married;

(B) With whom the offender is or was in a domestic partnership; or

(C) With whom the offender is or was in a romantic, dating, or sexual relationship.

(8) “Intrafamily offense” means interpersonal, intimate partner, or intrafamily violence.

(9) “Intrafamily violence” means an act punishable as a criminal offense that is committed or threatened to be committed by an offender upon a person to whom the offender is related by blood, adoption, legal custody, marriage, or domestic partnership, or with whom the offender has a child in common.

Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-forcible Sex Offenses

The Institute will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by IWP against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, the Institute will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim’s next of kin, if so requested.
Sexual Offender Registration (District of Columbia)

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA) of 2000 is a federal law that provides for the tracking of convicted sex offenders enrolled at, or employed by, institutions of higher education. THE CSCPA is an amendment to the Jacob Wetterling Crimes against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Act. The federal law requires that District of Columbia agencies provide the Institute with a list of registered sex offenders, who have indicated that they are enrolled, employed or carrying on a vocation at the Institute of World Politics.

The Institute is required to inform the campus community that a list of registered sex offenders will be maintained by IWP’s Campus Safety Officer. In addition, a list of all registered sex offenders in the DC area is available from the District of Columbia Government Website at http://sexoffender.dc.gov/. The Institute is located at 1521 16th Street, NW Washington, DC 20036.

The CSCPA further amends the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) to clarify that nothing in the Act can prohibit an educational institution from disclosing information provided to the institutions concerning registered sex offenders. This statement is provided in compliance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000 and the Sex Offender Registration Act of 1999.

In accordance with the “Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act” of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, the Jeanne Clery Act and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the Institute is providing a link to not only the DC Sex Offender Registry website, but also the Virginia State and Maryland State Sex Offender Registry. The SCSPA requires that institutions of higher education issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries a vocation, or is a student. In the Commonwealth of Virginia, convicted sex offenders must register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry maintained by the Department of State Police. In the State of Maryland, convicted sex offenders must register with the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services.

Virginia

Students residing in Virginia should consult the Virginia State Police Sex Offender Registry:

Maryland

Students residing in Maryland should consult the Maryland State Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services Sex Offender Registry: http://www.dpcs.state.md.us/sorSearch/